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## THE NOEL DOUGLAS REPLICAS WILLIAM BLAKE · POETICAL SKETCHES

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Blake, William

### POETICAL

## SKETCHES.

By W. B.

LONDON:

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### ADVERTISEMENT.

THE following Sketches were the production of untutored youth, commenced in his twelfth, and occasionally resumed by the author till his twentieth year; since which time, his talents having been wholly directed to the attainment of excellence in his profession, he has been deprived of the leisure requisite to such a revisal of these sheets, as might have rendered them less unsit to meet the public eye.

Conscious of the irregularities and defects to be found in almost every page, his friends have still believed that they possessed a poetical originality, which merited some respite from oblivion. These their opinions remain, however, to be now reproved or confirmed by a less partial public.



### MISCELLANEOUS POEMS.

### TO SPRING.

O THOU, with dewy locks, who lookest

Thro' the clear windows of the morning; turn Thine angel eyes upon our western isle, Which in full choir hails thy approach, O Spring!

The hills tell each other, and the list'ning Vallies hear; all our longing eyes are turned Up to thy bright pavillions: issue forth, And let thy holy feet visit our clime.

Come o'er the eastern hills, and let our winds
Kiss thy perfumed garments; let us taste
Thy morn and evening breath; scatter thy pearls
Upon our love-sick land that mourns for thee.

O deck

O deck her forth with thy fair fingers; pour Thy foft kisses on her bosom; and put Thy golden crown upon her languish'd head, Whose modest tresses were bound up for thee!

### TO SUMMER.

THOU, who passest thro' our vallies in Thy strength, curb thy sierce steeds, allay the heat

That flames from their large nostrils! thou, O Summer,

Oft pitched'st here thy golden tent, and oft Beneath our oaks hast slept, while we beheld With joy, thy ruddy limbs and flourishing hair.

Beneath our thickest shades we oft have heard
Thy voice, when noon upon his fervid car
Rode o'er the deep of heaven; beside our springs
Sit down, and in our mossy vallies, on
Some bank beside a river clear, throw thy
Silk draperies off, and rush into the stream:
Our vallies love the Summer in his pride.

Our bards are fam'd who strike the silver wire:
Our youth are bolder than the southern swains:
Our maidens fairer in the sprightly dance:
We lack not songs, nor instruments of joy,
Nor echoes sweet, nor waters clear as heaven,
Nor laurel wreaths against the sultry heat.

TO

### TO AUTUMN

AUTUMN, laden with fruit, and stained With the blood of the grape, pass not, but six Beneath my shady roof, there thou may'st rest, And tune thy jolly voice to my fresh pipe; And all the daughters of the year shall dance! Sing now the lusty song of fruits and slowers.

- The narrow bud opens her beauties to
- "The fun, and love runs in her thrilling veins;
- " Bloffoms hang round the brows of merning, and
- "Flourish down the bright cheek of modest eve,
- " Till clust'ring Summer breaks forth into finging,
- "And feather'd clouds ftrew-flowers round her head.
- "The spirits of the air live on the smells
- " Of fruit; and joy, with pinions light, roves round
- "The gardens, or fits finging in the trees."
  Thus fang the jolly Autumn as he fat,
  Then rose, girded himself, and o'er the bleak
  Hills sled from our fight; but lest his golden load.

### TO WINTER.

O WINTER! bar thine adamantine doors:
The north is thine; there hast thou built thy
dark

Deep-founded habitation. Shake not thy roofs, Nor bend thy pillars with thine iron car.

He hears me not, but o'er the yawning deep Rides heavy; his florms are unchain'd; sheathed In ribbed steel, I dare not lift mine eyes; For he hath rear'd his sceptre o'er the world.

Lo! now the direful monster, whose skin clings
To his strong bones, strides o'er the groaning rocks:
He withers all in silence, and in his hand
Unclothes the earth, and freezes up frail life.

He takes his feat upon the cliffs, the mariner Cries in vain. Poor little wretch! that deal'st With storms; till heaven smiles, and the monster Is driv'n yelling to his caves beneath mount Hecla.

#### TO THE

### EVENING STAR.

THOU fair-hair'd angel of the evening, Now, whilst the sun rests on the mountains, light

Thy bright torch of love; thy radiant crown
Put on, and smile upon our evening bed!
Smile on our loves; and, while thou drawest the
Blue curtains of the sky, scatter thy silver dew
On every flower that shuts its sweet eyes
In timely sleep. Let thy west wind sleep on
The lake; speak si ence with thy glimmering eyes,
And wash the dusk with silver. Soon, sull soon,
Dost thou withdraw; then the wolf rages wide,
And the lion glares thro' the dun forest:
The sleeces of our slocks are cover'd with
Thy sacred dew: protect them with thine influence.

### TO MORNING.

O HOLY virgin! clad in purest white, Unlock heav'n's golden gates, and issue forth; Awake the dawn that sleeps in heaven; let light Rise from the chambers of the east, and bring The honied dew that cometh on waking day. O radiant morning, salute the sun, Rouz'd like a huntsman to the chace; and, with Thy buskin'd feet, appear upon our hills.

### FAIR ELENOR.

THE bell struck one, and shook the filent tower;

The graves give up their dead: fair Elenor Walk'd by the castle gate, and looked in.

A hollow groan ran thro' the dreary vaults.

She shriek'd aloud, and sunk upon the steps On the cold stone her pale cheeks. Sickly smells Of death, issue as from a sepulchre, And all is silent but the sighing vaults.

Chill death withdraws his hand, and she revives:
Amaz'd, she finds herself upon her feet,
And, like a ghost, thro' narrow passages
Walking, feeling the cold walls with her hands.

Fancy returns, and now she thinks of bones, And grinning skulls, and corruptible death, Wrap'd in his shroud; and now, fancies she hears Deep sighs, and sees pale sickly ghosts gliding.

At length, no fancy, but reality
Distracts her. A rushing sound, and the feet
Of one that sled, approaches—Ellen stood,
Like a dumb statue, froze to stone with fear.

The

The wretch approaches, crying, "The deed is "done;

"Take this, and fend it by whom thou wilt fend;

"It is my life-fend it to Eleno: -

"He's dead, and howling after me for blood!

"Take this," he cry'd; and thrust into her arms
A wet napkin, wrap'd about; then rush'd
Past, howling: she receiv'd into her arms
Pale death, and follow'd on the wings of fear.

They pass'd swift thro' the outer gate; the wretch, Howling, leap'd o'er the wall into the moat, Stifling in mud. Fair Ellen pass'd the bridge, And heard a gloomy voice cry, "Is it done?"

As the deer wounded Ellen flew over The pathless plain; as the arrows that fly By night; destruction flies, and strikes in darkness, She fled from fear, till at her house arriv'd.

Her maids await her; on her bed she falls,
That bed of joy, where erst her lord hath press'd:
"Ah, woman's fear!" she cry'd; "Ah, cursed
"duke!

46 Ah, my dear lord! ah, wretched Elenor!

" My lord was like a flower upon the brows
" Of lusty May! Ah, life as frail as flower!
" O ghastly

"O ghastly death! withdraw thy cruel hand,

"Seek'st thou that flow'r to deck thy horrid temples?

" My lord was like a star, in highest heav'n

"Drawn down to earth by spells and wickedness:

" My lord was like the opening eyes of day,

"When western winds creep softly o'er the flowers:

"But he is darken'd; like the summer's noon,

"Clouded; fall'n like the stately tree, out down;

"The breath of heaven dwelt among his leaves.

"O Elenor, weak woman, fill'd with woe!"

Thus having spoke, she raised up her head, And saw the bloody napkin by her side, Which in her arms she brought; and now. tenfold More terrified, saw it unfold itself.

Her eyes were fix'd; the bloody cloth unfolds, Disclosing to her fight the murder'd head Of her dear lord, all ghastly pale, clotted With gory blood; it groan'd, and thus it spake:

"O Elenor, I am thy husband's head,

"Who, fleeping on the stones of yonder tower,

"Was 'reft of life by the accursed duke!

" A hired villain turn'd my sleep to death!

"O Elenor, beware the curfed duke,

"O give not him thy hand, now I am dead;

"He feeks thy love; who, coward, in the night, "Hired a villain to bereave my life."

She fat with dead cold limbs, stiffen'd to stone; She took the gory head up in her arms; She kiss'd the pale lips; she had no tears to shed; She hugg'd it to her breast, and groan'd her last.

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### S O N G.

HOW fweet I roam'd from field to field,
And tasted all the summer's pride,
'Till I the prince of love beheld,
Who in the sunny beams did glide!

He shew'd me lilies for my hair,
And blushing roses for my brow;
He led me through his gardens fair,
Where all his golden pleasures grow.

With fweet May dews my wings were wet,
And Phoebus fir'd my vocal rage;
He caught me in his filken net,
And shut me in his golden cage.

He loves to fit and hear me fing,
Then, laughing, sports and plays with me;
Then stretches out my golden wing,
And mocks my loss of liberty.

My filks and fine array,
My fmiles and languish'd air,
By love are driv'n away;
And mournful lean Despair
Brings me yew to deck my grave:
Such end true lovers have.

His face is fair as heav'n,
When springing buds unfold;
O why to him was't giv'n,
Whose heart is wintry cold?
His breast is love's all worship'd tomb,
Where all love's pilgrims come.

Bring me an axe and spade,
Bring me a winding sheet;
When I my grave have made,
Let winds and tempests beat:
Then down I'll lie, as cold as clay.
True love doth pass away!

OVE and harmony combine, And around our fouls intwine, While thy branches mix with mine, And our roots together join.

Joys upon our branches fit, Chirping loud, and finging fweet; Like gentle streams beneath our feet Innocence and virtue meet.

Thou the golden fruit dost bear,

I am clad in flowers fair;

Thy sweet boughs persume the air,

And the turtle buildeth there.

There she sits and feeds her young, Sweet I hear her mournful song; And thy lovely leaves among, There is love: I hear her tongue.

There his charming neft doth lay,
There he fleeps the night away;
There he fports along the day,
And doth among our branches play.

I LOVE the jocund dance,

The foftly-breathing fong.

Where innocent eyes do glance,

And where lifps the maiden's tongue,

I love the laughing vale,
I love the echoing hill,
Where mirth does never fail,
And the jolly swain laughs his fill,

I love the pleasant cot,

I love the innocent bow'r.

Where white and brown is our lot,

Or fruit in the mid-day hour.

I love the oaken feat,

Beneath the oaken tree,

Where all the old villagers meet,

And laugh our sports to see.

I love our neighbours all,
But, Kitty, I better love thee;
And love them I ever shall;
But thou art all to me.

And tune your merry notes;
And, while upon the wind,
Your music floats,
I'll pore upon the stream,
Where fighing lovers dream,
And fish for fancies as they pass
Within the watery glass.

I'll drink of the clear stream,
And hear the linnet's fong;
And there I'll lie and dream
The day along:
And, when night comes, I'll go
To places fit for woe;
Walking along the darken'd valley,
With filent Melancholy.

MAD

### MAD SONG.

And the night is a-cold;
Come hither, Sleep,
And my griefs unfold:
But lo! the morning peeps
Over the eastern steeps,
And the rustling beds of dawn
The earth do scorn.

Lo! to the vault
Of paved heaven,
With forrow fraught
My notes are driven:
They strike the ear of night,
Make weep the eyes of day;
They make mad the roaring winds,
And with tempests play.

Like a fiend in a cloud
With howling woe,
After night I do croud,
And with night will go;
I turn my back to the east,
From whence comforts have increas'd;
For light doth seize my brain
With frantic pain.

SONG.

RESH from the dewy hill, the merry year Smiles on my head, and mounts his flaming car;

Round my young brows the laurel wreathes a shade, And rising glories beam around my head.

My feet are wing'd, while o'er the dewy lawn,

I meet my maiden, rifen like the morn:

Oh blefs those holy feet, like angels' feet;

Oh blefs those limbs, beaming with heav'nly light!

Like as an angel glitt'ring in the sky, In times of innocence, and holy joy; The joyful shepherd stops his grateful song, To hear the music of an angel's tongue.

So when she speaks, the voice of Heaven I hear So when we walk, nothing impure comes near; Each field seems Eden, and each calm retreat; Each village seems the haunt of holy seet.

But that sweet village where my black-ey'd maid, Closes her eyes in sleep beneath night's shade: Whene'er I enter, more than mortal sire Burns in my soul, and does my song inspire.

WHEN early morn walks forth in fober grey;

Then to my black ey'd maid I haste away, When evening sits beneath her dusky bow'r, And gently sighs away the silent hour; The village bell alarms, away I go; And the vale darkens at my pensive woe.

To that fweet village, where my black ey'd maid Doth drop a tear beneath the filent shade, I turn my eyes; and, pensive as I go, Curse my black stars, and bless my pleasing woe.

Oft when the summer sleeps among the trees, Whisp'ring faint murmurs to the scanty breeze, I walk the village round; if at her side A youth doth walk in stolen joy and pride, I curse my stars in bitter grief and woe, That made my love so high, and me so low.

O should she e'er prove false, his limbs I'd tear, And throw all pity on the burning air; I'd curse bright fortune for my mixed lot, And then I'd die in peace, and be forgot.

TO

### TO THE MUSES.

WHETHER on Ida's shady brow, Or in the chambers of the East, The chambers of the sun, that now From antient melody have ceas'd;

Whether in Heav'n ye wander fair,
Or the greeen corners of the earth,
Or the blue regions of the air,
Where the melodious winds have birth;

Whether on chrystal rocks ye rove,
Beneath the bosom of the sea
Wand'ring in many a coral grove,
Fair Nine, forsaking Poetry!

How have you left the antient love
That bards of old enjoy'd in you!
The languid strings do scarcely move!
The sound is forc'd, the notes are few!

### GWIN, KING OF NORWAY.

OME, Kings, and listen to my song,
When Gwin, the son of Nore,
Over the nations of the North
His cruel sceptre bore:

The Nobles of the land did feed
Upon the hungry Poor;
They tear the poor man's lamb, and drive
The needy from their door!

The land is desolate; our wives
And children cry for bread;
Arise, and pull the tyrant down;
Let Gwin be humbled.

Gordred the giant rous'd himself
From sleeping in his cave;
He shook the hills, and in the clouds
The troubl'd banners wave.

Beneath them roll'd, like tempests black, The num'rous sons of blood; Like lions' whelps, roaring abroad, Seeking their nightly food.

D 2

Down

Down Bleron's hills they dreadful rush,
Their cry ascends the clouds;
The trampling horse, and clanging arms
Like rushing mighty floods!

Their wives and children, weeping loud,
Follow in wild array,
Howling like ghosts, furious as wolves
In the bleak wintry day.

"Let Gwin be humbled,"

They cry; "and let ten thousand lives

Pay for the tyrant's head."

From tow'r to tow'r the watchmen cry,

"O Gwin, the fon of Nore,

"Arouse thyself! the nations black,

"Like clouds, come rolling o'er!"

Gwin rear'd his shield, his palace shakes, His chiefs come rushing round; Each, like an awful thunder cloud, With voice of solemn found.

Like reared stones around a grave
They stand around the King;
Then suddenly each feiz'd his spear,
And clashing steel does ring.

The husbandman does leave his plow,
To wade thro' fields of gore;
The merchant binds his brows in steel,
And leaves the trading shore:

The shepherd leaves his mellow pipe,
And sounds the trumpet shrill;
The workman throws his hammer down
To heave the bloody bill.

Like the tall ghost of Barraton,
Who sports in stormy sky,
Gwin leads his host as black as night,
When pestilence does sly.

With horses and with chariots—
And all his spearmen bold,
March to the sound of mournful song,
Like clouds around him roll'd.

Gwin lifts his hand—the nations halt;
"Prepare for war," he cries—
Gordred appears!—his frowning brow
Troubles our northern skies.

The armies fland, like balances
Held in th' Almighty's hand;

"Gwin, thou haft fill'd thy measure up,

"Thou'rt swept from out the land."

And now the raging armies rush'd,
Like warring mighty seas;
The Heav'ns are shook with roaring war,
The dust ascends the skies!

Earth smokes with blood, and groans, and shakes,
To drink her childrens' gore,
A sea of blood; nor can the eye
See to the trembling shore!

And on the verge of this wild sea Famine and death doth cry; The cries of women and of babes. Over the field doth fly,

The King is feen raging afar;
With all his men of might;
Like blazing comets, fcattering death
Thro' the red fey'rous night,

Beneath his arm like sheep they die, And groan upon the plain; The battle faints, and bloody men Fight upon hills of slain.

Now death is fick, and riven men Labour and toil for life; Steed rolls on steed, and shield on shield, Sunk in this sea of strife! The god of war is drunk with blood,

The earth doth faint and fail;

The stench of blood makes sick the heav'ns;

Ghosts glut the throat of hell!

O what have Kings to answer for,
Before that awful throne!
When thousand deaths for vengeance cry,
And ghosts accusing groan!

Like blazing comets in the fky,
That shake the stars of light,
Which drop like fruit unto the earth,
Thro' the sierce burning night;

Like these did Gwin and Gordred meet,
And the first blow decides;

Down from the brow unto the breast
Gordred his head divides!

Gwin fell; the Sons of Norway fled,
All that remain'd alive;
The rest did fill the vale of death,
For them the eagles strive.

The river Dorman roll'd their blood
Into the northern fea;
Who mourn'd his fons, and overwhelm'd
The pleasant south country.

#### AN

### IMITATION OF SPENCER.

Scatter'st the rays of light, and truth's beams!
In lucent words my darkling verses dight,
And wash my earthy mind in thy clear streams,
That wisdom may descend in fairy dreams:
All while the jocund hours in thy train
Scatter their fancies at thy poet's feet;
And when thou yields to night thy wide domain,
Let rays of truth enlight his sleeping brain.

For brutish Pan in vain might thee assay

With tinkling sounds to dash thy nervous verse,

Sound without sense; yet in his rude affray,

(For ignorance is Folly's leesing nurse,

And love of Folly needs none others curse;)

Midas the praise hath gain'd of lengthen'd cares,

For which himself might deem him ne'er the

worse

To fit in council with his modern peers, And judge of tinkling rhimes, and elegances terfe.

And thou, Mercurius, that with winged brow
Dost mount aloft into the yielding sky,
And thro' Heav'n's halls thy airy flight dost throw,
Entering

Entering with holy feet to where on high Jove weighs the counsel of futurity;

Then, laden with eternal fate, dost go Down, like a falling star, from autumn sky, And o'er the surface of the filent deep dost sty.

If thou arrivest at the sandy shore,
Where nought but envious hissing adders dwell,
Thy golden rod, thrown on the dusty sloor,
Can charm to harmony with potent spell;
Such is sweet Eloquence, that does dispel
Envy and Hate, that thirst for human gore:
And cause in sweet society to dwell
Vile savage minds that lurk in lonely cell.

O Mercury, affift my lab'ring sense,
That round the circle of the world wou'd fly!
As the wing'd eagle scorns the tow'ry sence
Of Alpine hills round his high aery,
And searches thro' the corners of the sky,
Sports in the clouds to hear the thunder's sound,
And see the winged lightnings as they sly,
Then, bosom'd in an amber cloud, around
Plumes his wide wings, and seeks Sol's palace high.

And thou, O warrior, maid invincible,
Arm'd with the terrors of Almighty Jove!
Pallas, Minerva, maiden terrible,
Lov'st thou to walk the peaceful solemn grove,
In solemn gloom of branches interwove?

Or bear'st thy Egis o'er the burning field,
Where, like the sea, the waves of battle move?
Or have thy soft piteous eyes beheld
The weary wanderer thro' the defert rove?
Or does th' afflicted man thy heav'nly bosom move?

#### BLIND-MAN'S BUFF.

WHEN filver Snow decks Sufan's cloaths, And jewel hangs at th' shepherd's nose, The blushing bank is all my care, With hearth so red, and walls so fair; Heap the fea-coal; come, heap it higher, "The oaken log lay on the fire:" The well-wash'd stools, a circling row, With lad and lass, how fair the show! The merry can of nut-brown ale, The laughing jest, the love-sick tale, 'Till tir'd of chat, the game begins, The lasses prick the lads with pins; Roger from Dolly twitch'd the stool, She falling, kis'd the ground, poor fool! She blush'd so red, with side-long glance At hob-nail Dick, who griev'd the chance. But now for Blind-man's Buff they call; Of each incumbrance clear the hall— Jenny her filken 'kerchief folds. And blear-ey'd Will the black lot holds;

But

Now laughing, stops, with "Silence! hush!" And Peggy Pout gives Sam a push. The Blind-man's arms, extended wide, Sam flips between ;--" O woe betide Thee, clumfy Will!"-but titt'ring Kate Is pen'd up in the corner strait! And now Will's eyes beheld the play. He thought his face was t'other way. "Now, Kitty, now; what chance hast thou, "Roger so near thee, Trips; I vow! She catches him—then Roger ties His own head up—but not his eyes; For thro' the flender cloth he fees, And runs at Sam, who flips with ease His clumfy hold; and, dodging round, Sukey is tumbled on the ground!---"See what it is to play unfair! "Where cheating is, there's mischief there." But Roger still purfues the chace,-"He sees! he sees! cries softly Grace: "O Roger, thou, unskill'd in art. "Must, surer bound, go thro' thy part !" Now Kitty, pert, repeats the rhymes, And Roger turns him round three times; Then pauses ere he starts—but Dick Was mischief bent upon a trick: Down on his hands and knees he lay. Directly in the Blind-man's way-I hen cries out, "Hem!" Hodge heard, and ran With hood-wink'd chance—fure of his man; E 2

#### 28 BLIND-MAN'S BUFF.

But down he came.—Alas, how frail Our best of hopes, how soon they fail! With crimfon drops he stains the ground, Confusion startles all around! Poor piteous Dick supports his head, And fain would cure the hurt he made: But Kitty hasted with a key, And down his back they strait convey The cold relief—the blood is stay'd, And Hodge again holds up his head. Such are the fortunes of the game, And those who play should stop the same By wholesome laws; such as all those Who on the blinded man impofe. Stand in his flead as long a-gone When men were first a nation grown; Lawless they liv'd—till wantonness And liberty began t'increase; And one man lay in another's way, Then laws were made to keep fair play.

#### PERSONS.

King Edward.
The Black Prince.
Queen Philippa.
Duke of Clarence,
Sir John Chandos.
Sir Thomas Dagwort

Sir Thomas Dagworth, Sir Walter Manny, Lord Audley.

Lord Percy.

Bishop.

William, Dagworth's

Peter Blunt, a common Soldier.

#### S C E N E,

The Coast of France, King Edward and Nobles before it. The Army.

#### King.

But as dust! maintain thy servant's right.
Withour thine aid, the twisted mail, and spear,
And forged helm, and shield of seven times beaten
Are idle trophies of the vanquisher. [brass,
When consustion rages, when the field is in a slame,
When the cries of blood tear horror from heav'n,
And yelling death runs up and down the ranks,
Let Liberty, the charter'd right of Englishmen,
Won by our fathers in many a glorious field,

Enerve

Enerve my foldiers; let Liberty
Blaze in each countenance, and fire the battle.
The enemy fight in chains, invisible chains, but heavy;

Their minds are fetter'd; then how can they be free, While, like the mounting flame,

We fpring to battle o'er the floods of death?

And these fair youths, the flow'r of England,

Vent'ring their lives in my most righteous cause,

O sheathe their hearts with triple steel, that they

May emulate their fathers' virtues.

And thou, my fon, be strong; thou fightest for a crown

That death can never ravish from thy brow,
A crown of glory: but from thy very dust
Shall beam a radiance, to fire the breasts
Of youth unborn! Our names are written equal
In fame's wide trophied hall; 'tis ours to gild
The letters, and to make them shine with gold
That never tarnishes: whether Third Edward,
Or the Prince of Wales, or Montacute, or Morthmer,

[fame,

Or ev'n the least by birth, shall gain the brightest Is in his hand to whom all men are equal. The world of men are like the num'rous stars, That beam and twinkle in the depth of night, Each clad in glory according to his sphere;—But we, that wander from our native seats, And beam forth lustre on a darkling world, Grow larger as we advance! and some perhaps. The most obscure at home, that scarce were seen

To twinkle in their sphere, may so advance, That the astonish'd world, with up-turn'd eyes, Regardless of the moon, and those that once were Stand only for to gaze upon their splendor! [bright,

[He here knights the Prince, and other young Nobles.]

Now let us take a just revenge for those
Brave Lords, who fell beneath the bloody axe
At Paris. Thanks, noble Harcourt, for 'twas
By your advice we landed here in Brittany—
A country not yet sown with destruction,
And where the fiery whirlwind of swift war
Has not yet swept its desolating wing.—
Into three parties we divide by day,
And separate march, but join again at night:
Each knows his rank, and Heav'n marshal all.

[Exeunt.

SCENE, English Court; Lionel, Duke of Clarence; Queen Philippa, Lords, Bishop, &c.

#### Clarence.

MY Lords, I have, by the advice of her Whom I am doubly bound to obey, my Parent And my Sovereign, call'd you together. My task is great, my burden heavier than My unsledg'd years; Yet, with your kind affistance, Lords, I hope England shall dwell in peace; that while my father Toils in his wars, and turns his eyes on this His native shore, and sees commerce sty round With

With his white wings, and sees his golden London,
And her filver Thames, throng'd with shining spires
And corded ships; her merchants buzzing round
Like summer bees, and all the golden cities
In his land, overslowing with honey,
Glory may not be dimm'd with clouds of care.
Say, Lords, should not our thoughts be first to
commerce?

My Lord Bishop, you would recommend us agriculture?

Bishop. Sweet Prince! the arts of peace are great, And no less glorious than those of war, Perhaps more glorious in the phlosophic mind. When I fit at my home, a private man, My thoughts are on my gardens, and my fields, How to employ the hand that lacketh bread. If Industry is in my diocese, Religion will flourish; each man's heart Is cultivated, and will bring forth fruit: This is my private duty and my pleasure. But as I fit in council with my prince, My thoughts take in the gen'ral good of the whole, And England is the land favour'd by Commerce; For Commerce, tho' the child of Agriculture, Fosters his parent, who else must sweat and toil. And gain but scanty fare. Then, my dear Lord. Be England's trade our care; and we, as tradefmen, Looking to the gain of this our native land.

Clar. O my good Lord, true wisdom drops like honey

From your tongue, as from a worship'd oak!

Forgive, my Lords, my talkative youth, that speaks.

Not merely what my narrow observation has

Pick'd up, but what I have concluded from your
lessons:

Now, by the Queen's advice, I ask your leave To dine to-morrow with the Mayor of London: If I obtain your leave, I have another boon To ask, which is, the favour of your company; I fear Lord Percy will not give me leave.

Percy. Dear Sir, a prince should always keep his state,

And grant his favours with a sparing hand,
Or they are never rightly valued.
These are my thoughts, yet it were best to go;
But keep a proper dignity, for now
You represent the sacred person of
Your father; 'tis with princes as 'tis with the sun,
If not sometimes o'er-clouded, we grow weary
Of his officious glory.

Clar. Then you will give me leave to shine sometimes,

My Lord?

Lord. Thou hast a gallant spirit, which I fear Will be imposed on by the closer fort! [Aside. Clar. Well, I'll endeavour to take Lord Percy's advice; I have been used so much To dignity, that I'm sick on't.

F

Queen Phil. Fie, Fie, Lord Clarence; you proceed not to business,

But speak of your own pleasures.

I hope their Lordships will excuse your giddiness.

Clar. My Lords, the French have fitted out many Small ships of war, that, like to ravening wolves, Infest our English seas, devouring all Our burden'd vessels, spoiling our naval slocks. The merchants do complain, and beg our aid.

Percy. The merchants are rich enough;

Can they not help themselves? [will,

Bish. They can, and may; but how to gain their Requires our countenance and help.

Percy. When that they find they must, my Lord, they will:

Let them but suffer awhile, and you shall see They will bestir themselves.

Bish. Lord Percy cannot mean that we should suffer

This difgrace; if so, we are not sovereigns
Of the sea; our right, that Heaven gave
To England, when at the birth of nature
She was seated in the deep, the Ocean ceas'd
His mighty roar; and, fawning, play'd around
Her snowy feet, and own'd his awful Queen.
Lord Percy, if the heart is sick, the head
Must be aggriev'd; if but one member suffer,
The heart doth fail. You say, my Lord, the
merchants

Can, if they will, defend themselves against

These

These rovers: this is a noble scheme,

Worthy the brave Lord Percy, and as worthy

His generous aid to put it into practice.

Percy. Lord Bishop, what was rash in me, is wise In you; I dare not own the plan. 'Tis not

Mine. Yet will I, if you please,

Quickly to the Lord Mayor, and work him onward

To this most glorious voyage, on which cast I'll set my whole estate.

But we will bring these Gallic rovers under.

Queen Phil. Thanks, brave Lord Percy; you have the thanks

Of England's Queen, and will, ere long, of England.

[Fxeunt.

SCENE, At Cressey. Sir Thomas Dagworth and Lord Audley, meeting.

Aud. Good morrow, brave Sir Thomas; the bright morn

Smiles on our army, and the gallant sun Springs from the hills like a young hero Into the battle, shaking his golden locks Exultingly; this is a promising day.

Dagw. Why, my Lord Audley, I don't know. Give me your hand, and now I'll tell you what I think you do not know—Edward's afraid of Philip.

Aud. Ha, Ha, Sir Thomas! you but joke;
F 2 Did

Did you ere see him fear? At Blanchetaque, When almost singly he drove six thousand French from the ford, did he fear then?

Dagw. Yes, fear; that made him fight fo.

And By the same reason I might say, 'tis sear

That makes you fight.

Dagw. Mayhap you may; look upon Edward's face—

No one can fay he fears. But when he turns
His back, then I will fay it to his face,
He is afraid; he makes us all afraid.
I cannot bear the enemy at my back.
Now here we are at Creffy; where, to-morrow,
To-morrow we shall know. I fay, Lord Audley,
That Edward runs away from Philip.

Aud. Perhaps you think the Prince too is afraid?

Dagw. No; God forbid! I'm sure he is not—He is a young lion. O I have seen him sight, And give command, and lightning has slashed From his eyes across the field; I have seen him Shake hands with death, and strike a bargain for The enemy; he has danc'd in the field Of battle, like the youth at morrice play. I'm sure he's not asraid, nor Warwick, nor none, None of us but me; and I am very much asraid.

And. Are you afraid too, Sir Thomas?

I believe that as much as I believe
The King's afraid; but what are you afraid of?

Dagw.

Dagw. Of having my back laid open; we turn Our backs to the fire, till we shall burn our skirts.

And this, Sir Thomas, you call fear? Your fear

Is of a different kind then from the King's;
He fears to turn his face, and you to turn your
back.—

I do not think, Sir Thomas, you know what fear is.

Enter Sir John Chandos.

Chand. Good morrow, Generals; I give you joy: Welcome to the fields of Cressy. Here we stop, And wait for Philip.

Dagw. I hope fo.

Aud. There, Sir Thomas; do you call that fear?

Dagw. I don't know; perhaps he takes it by fits.

Why, noble Chandos, look you here—
One rotten sheep spoils the whole slock;
And if the bell-weather is tainted, I wish
The Prince may not catch the distemper too.

Chand. Distemper, Sir Thomas! what distemper?

I have not heard.

Dagw. Why, Chandos, you are a wife man,
I know you understand me; a distemper
The King caught here in France of running away.

Aud. Sir Thomas, you say, you have caught it
too.

Dag.

Dag. And fo will the whole army; 'tis very catching,

For when the coward runs, the brave man totters. Perhaps the air of the country is the cause.—
I feel it coming upon me, so I strive against it;
You yet are whole, but after a few more
Retreats, we all shall know how to retreat
Better than fight.—To be plain, I think retreating
Too often, takes away a soldier's courage.

Chand. Here comes the King himself; tell him your thoughts

Plainly, Sir Thomas.

Dagw. I've told him before, but his disorder Makes him deaf.

Enter King Edward and Black Prince.

King. Good morrow, Generals; when English courage fails,

Down goes our right to France;
But we are conquerors every where; nothing
Can stand our soldiers; each man is worthy
Of a triumph. Such an army of heroes
Ne'er shouted to the Heav'ns, nor shook the sield.
Edward, my son, thou art
Most happy, having such command; the man
Were base who were not sir'd to deeds
Above heroic, having such examples.

Prince. Sire! with respect and deserence I look
Upon such noble souls, and wish myself
Worthy the high command that Heaven and you
Have

Have given me. When I have seen the field glow, And in each countenance the soul of war Curb'd by the manliest reason, I have been wing'd With certain victory; and 'tis my boast, And shall be still my glory. I was inspir'd By these brave troops.

Dagw. Your Grace had better make Them all Generals.

King. Sir Thomas Dagworth, you must have your joke,

And shall, while you can fight as you did at The Ford.

Dagw. I have a small petition to your Majesty. King. What can Sir Thomas Dagworth ask, that Edward

Can refuse?

Dagw. I hope your Majesty cannot refuse so great

A trifle; I've gilt your cause with my best blood,
And would again, were I not forbid
By him whom I am bound to obey: my hands
Are tied up, my courage shrunk and wither'd,
My sinews slacken'd, and my voice scarce heard;
Therefore I beg I may return to England.

King. I know not what you could have ask'd, Sir Thomas,

That I would not have fooner parted with

Than fuch a foldier as you have been, and fuch a

friend;

Nay, I will know the most remote particulars

Of this your strange petition; that, if I can, I still may keep you here.

Dagw. Here on the fields of Creffy we are fettled,

'Till Philip springs the tim'rous covey again.
The Wolf is hunted down by causeless fear;
The Lion slees, and fear usurps his heart;
Startled, astonish'd at the clam'rous Cock;
The Eagle, that doth gaze upon the sun,
Fears the small fire that plays about the sen;
If, at this moment of their idle fear,
The Dog doth seize the Wolf, the Forester the
Lion,

The Negro in the crevice of the rock,
Doth seize the soaring Eagle; undone by slight,
They tame submit: such the Rect slight has
On noble souls. Now hear its opposite:
The tim'rous Stag starts from the thicket wild,
The fearful Crane springs from the splashy sen,
The shining Snake glides o'er the bending grass,
The Stag turns head! and bays the crying Hounds;
The Crane o'ertaken, sighteth with the Hawk;
The Snake doth turn, and bite the padding foot;
And, if your Majesty's afraid of Philip,
You are more like a Lion than a Crane:
Therefore I beg I may return to England.

King. Sir Thomas, now I understand your mirth, Which often plays with Wisdom for its pastime, And brings good counsel from the breast of laugh-

I hope you'll stay, and see us fight this battle,
And reap rich harvest in the fields of Cressy;
Then go to England, tell them how we fight,
And set all hearts on fire to be with us.
Philip is plum'd, and thinks we see from him,
Else he would never dare to attack us. Now,
Now the quarry's set! and Death doth sport
In the bright sunshine of this fatal day.

Dagw. Now my heart dances, and I am as light As the young bridegroom going to be married. Now must I to my foldiers, get them ready, Furbish our armours bright, new plume our helms, And we will fing, like the young housewives busied In the dairy; my feet are wing'd, but not For slight, an please your grace.

King. If all my foldiers are as pleas'd as you, 'Twill be a gallant thing to fight or die; Then I can never be afraid of Philip.

Dagw. A raw-bon'd fellow t'other day pass'd by me;

I told him to put off his hungry looks—
He answer'd me, "I hunger for another battle."
I saw a little Welchman with a siery face;
I told him he look'd like a candle half
Burn'd out; he answer'd, he was "pig enough
"To light another pattle." Last night, beneath
The moon I walk'd abroad, when all had pitch'd
Their tents, and all were still,
I heard a blooming youth singing a song
He had compos'd, and at each pause he wip'd

His dropping eyes. The ditty was, "if he "Return'd victorious, he should wed a maiden "Fairer than snow, and rich as midsummer." Another wept, and wish'd health to his father. I chid them both, but gave them noble hopes. These are the minds that glory in the battle, And leap and dance to hear the trumpet sound.

King. Sir Thomas Dagworth, be thou near our person;

Thy heart is richer than the vales of France:

I will not part with fuch a man as thee.

If Philip came arm'd in the ribs of death,

And shook his mortal dart against my head,

Thoud'st laugh his fury into nerveless shame!

Go now, for thou art suited to the work,

Throughout the camp; enslame the timorous,

Blow up the sluggish into ardour, and

Consirm the strong with strength, the weak inspire,

And wing their brows with hope and expectation:

Then to our tent return, and meet to council.

[Exit Dagworth.

Chand. That man's a hero in his closet, and more

A hero to the fervants of his house Than to the gaping world; he carries windows In that enlarged breast of his, that all May see what's done within.

Prince. He is a genuine Englishman, my Chan dos,

And hath the spirit of Liberty within him.

Forgive

Forgive my prejudice, Sir John; I think My Englishmen the bravest people on The face of the earth.

Chand. Courage, my Lord, proceeds from felf-dependence;

Teach man to think he's a free agent,
Give but a flave his liberty, he'll shake
Off sloth, and build himself a hut, and hedge
A spot of ground; this he'll defend; 'tis his
By right of nature: thus set in action,
He will still move onward to plan conveniences,
'Till glory sires his breast to enlarge his castle,
While the poor slave drudges all day, in hope
To rest at night.

King. O Liberty, how glorious art thou!

I fee thee hov'ring o'er my army, with
Thy wide-stretch'd plumes; I see thee

Lead them on to battle;

I see thee blow thy golden trumpet, while
Thy sons shout the strong shout of victory!

O noble Chandos! think thyself a gardener,
My son a vine, which I commit unto
Thy care; prune all extravagant shoots, and guide
Th' ambitious tendrils in the paths of wisdom;
Water him with thy advice, and Heav'n
Rain fresh'ning dew upon his branches. And,
O Edward, my dear son! learn to think lowly of
Thyself, as we may all each prefer other—
'Tis the best policy, and 'tis our duty.

[Exeunt King Edward. Prince

Prince. And may our duty, Chandos, be our pleasure—

Now we are alone, Sir John, I will unburden,
And breathe my hopes into the burning air,
Where thousand deaths are posting up and down,
Commission'd to this fatal field of Cressy;
Methinks I see them arm my gallant soldiers,
And gird the sword upon each thigh, and sit
Each shining belm, and string each stubborn
bow,

And dance to the neighing of our steeds.

Methinks the shout begins, the battle burns;

Methinks I see them perch on English crests,

And roar the wild slame of sierce war, upon

The thronged enemy! In truth, I am too full;

It is my sin to love the noise of war.

Chandos, thou seest my weakness; strong nature

Will bend or break us; my blood, like a spring
tide,

Does rise so high, to overflow all bounds
Of moderation; while Reason, in her
Frail bark, can see no shore or bound for vast
Ambition. Come, take the helm, my Chandos,
That my sull-blown sails overfet me not
In the wild tempest; condemn my 'ventrous youth,

That plays with danger, as the innocent child, Unthinking, plays upon the viper's den: I am a coward, in my reason, Chandos. Chand. You are a man, my prince, and a brave man.

If I can judge of actions; but your heat Is the effect of youth, and want of use: Use makes the armed field and noify war Pass over as a summer cloud, unregarded, Or but expected as a thing of course. Age is contemplative; each rolling year Brings forth fruit to the mind's treasure-house: While vacant youth doth crave and feek about Within itself, and findeth discontent: Then, tir'd of thought, impatient takes the wing, Seizes the fruits of time, attacks experience, Roams round vast Nature's forest, where no bounds Are set, the swiftest may have room, the strongest Find prey; till tir'd at length, fated and tired With the changing fameness, old variety, We fit us down, and view our former joys With distaste and dislike.

Prince. Then if we must tug for experience, Let us not fear to beat round Nature's wilds. And rouze the strongest prey; then if we fall, We fall with glory; I know the wolf Is dangerous to fight, not good for food, Nor is the hide a comely vestment; fo We have our battle for our pains. I know That youth has need of age to point fit prey, And oft the stander-by shall steal the fruit Of th' other's labour. This is philosophy; These are the tricks of the world; but the pure soul Shall

Shall mount on native wings, disdaining
Little sport, and cut a path into the heaven of
glory,

Leaving a track of light for men to wonder at.

I'm glad my father does not hear me talk;

You can find friendly excuses for me, Chandos;

But do you not think, Sir John, that if it please
Th' Almighty to stretch out my span of life,

I shall with pleasure view a glorious action,

Which my youth master'd.

Chand. Confiderate age, my Lord, views motives,
And not acts; when neither warbling voice,
Nor trilling pipe is heard, nor pleafure fits
With trembling age; the voice of Confcience then,
Sweeter than music in a summer's eve,
Shall warble round the snowy head, and keep
Sweet symphony to feather'd angels, sitting
As guardians round your chair; then shall the
pulse

Beat flow, and tafte, and touch, and fight, and found, and fmell,

That fing and dance round Reason's fine-wrought throne,

Shall flee away, and leave them all forlorn; Yet not forlorn if Conscience is his friend.

[Exeunt.

SCENE in Sir Thomas Dagworth's Tent. Dagworth and William his Man.

Dagw. Bring hither my armour, William; Ambition is the growth of ev'ry clime.

Will. Does it grow in England, Sir?

Dagw. Aye, it grows most in lands most cultivated.

Will. Then it grows most in France; the vines

Are finer than any we have in England.

Dagw. Aye, but the oaks are not.

Will. What is the tree you mentioned? I don't think

I ever faw it.

Dagw. Ambition.

Will. Is it a little creeping root that grows in ditches?

Dagw. Thou dont not understand me, William. It is a root that grows in every breast;
Ambition is the define or passion that one man Has to get before another, in any pursuit after glory;
But I don't think you have any of it.

Will. Yes, I have; I have a great ambition to know every thing, Sir.

Dagw. But when our first ideas are wrong, what follows must all be wrong of course; 'tis best to know a little, and to know that little aright.

Will. Then, Sir, I should be glad to know if it was not ambition that brought over our King to France to fight for his right?

Dagw. Tho' the knowledge of that will not profit thee much, yet I will tell you that it was ambition.

Will. Then if ambition is a fin, we are all guilty in coming with him, and in fighting for him.

Dagw. Now, William, thou dost thrust the question home; but I must tell you, that guilt being an act of the mind, none are guilty but those whose minds are prompted by that same ambition.

Will. Now I always thought, that a man might be guilty of doing wrong, without knowing it was wrong.

Dagw. Thou art a natural philosopher, and knowest truth by instinct; while reason runs aground, as we have run our argument. Only remember, William, all have it in their power to know the motives of their own actions, and 'tis a sin to act without some reason.

Will. And whoever acts without reason, may do a great deal of harm without knowing it.

Dagw. Thou art an endless moralist.

Will. Now there's a ftory come into my head, that I will tell your honour, if you'll give me leave.

Dagre. No, William, fave it till another time; this is no time for story-telling; but here comes one who is as entertaining as a good story.

#### Enter Peter Blunt.

Peter. Yonder's a musician going to play before the King; it's a new song about the French and English, and the Prince has made the minstrel a 'squire, and given him I don't know what, and I can't tell whether he don't mention us all one by one; and he is to write another about all us that are to die, that we may be remembered in Old England, for all our blood and bones are in France; and a great deal more that we shall all hear by and by; and I came to tell your honour, because you love to hear war-songs.

Dagre. And who is this minstrel, Peter, do'st know?

Peter. O aye, I forgot to tell that; he has got the fame name as Sir John Chandos, that the prince is always with—the wife man, that knows us all as well as your honour, only e'nt fo good natur'd.

Dagw. I thank you, Peter, for your information, but not for your compliment, which is not true; there's as much difference between him and me, as between glittering fand and fruitful mold; or shining glass and a wrought diamond, set in rich gold, and sitted to the singer of an emperor: such is that worthy Chandos.

Peter. I know your honour does not think any thing of yourself, but every body else does.

Dagw. Go, Peter, get you gone; flattery is delicious, even from the lips of a babbler. [Exit Peter.

H Will.

Will. I never flatter your honour.

Dagw. I don't know that.

Will. Why you know, Sir, when we were in England, at the tournament at Windsor, and the Earl of Warwick was tumbled over, you ask'd me if he did not look well when he fell? and I said, No, he look'd very foolish; and you was very angry with me for not flattering you.

Dagw. You mean that I was angry with you for

not flattering the Earl of Warwick.

[Exeunt.

SCENE, Sir Thomas Dagworth's Tent. Sir Thomas Dagworth—to him.

Enter Sir Walter Mamy.

Sir Walter. Sir Thomas Dagworth, I have been weeping

Over the men that are to die to-day.

Dagw. Why, brave Sir Walter, you or I may fall.

Sir Walter. I know this breathing flesh must lie and rot,

Cover'd with filence and forgetfulness.—
Death wons in cities' smoke, and in still night,
When men sleep in their beds, walketh about!
How many in walled cities lie and groan,
Turning themselves upon their beds,
Talking with death, answering his hard demands!
How many walk in darkness, terrors are round

The

The curtains of their beds, destruction is
Ready at the door! How many sleep
In earth, cover'd with stones and deathy dust,
Resting in quietness, whose spirits walk
Upon the clouds of heaven, to die no more!
Yet death is terrible, tho' borne on angels' wings!
How terrible then is the field of death,
Where he doth rend the vault of heaven,
And shake the gates of hell!
O Dagworth, France is sick! the very sky,
Tho' sunshine light it, seems to me as pale
As the pale fainting man on his death-bed,
Whose face is shewn by light of sickly taper!
It makes me sad and sick at very heart,
Thousands must fall to-day!

Dagw. Thousands of souls must leave this prifon house,

To be exalted to those heavenly fields,
Where songs of triumph, palms of victory,
Where peace, and joy, and love, and calm content,

Sit finging in the azure clouds, and strew
Flowers of heaven's growth over the banquet-table:
Bind ardent Hope upon your feet like shoes,
Put on the robe of preparation,
The table is prepar'd in shining heaven,
The flowers of immortality are blown;
Let those that fight, fight in good stedsastness,
And those that fall shall rise in victory.

Sir Walter. I've often seen the burning field of war,

And often heard the difinal clang of arms;
But never, till this fatal day of Creffy,
Has my foul fainted with these views of death!
I seem to be in one great charnel-house,
And seem to scent the rotten carcases!
I seem to hear the dismal yells of death,

While the black gore drops from his horrid jaws:
Yet I not fear the monster in his pride.—

But O the fouls that are to die to-day!

Dagw. Stop, brave Sir Walter; let me drop a tear,

Then let the clarion of war begin;
I'll fight and weep, 'tis in my country's cause;
I'll weep and shout for glorious liberty.
Grim war shall laugh and shout, decked in tears,
And blood shall slow like streams across the meadows.

That murmur down their pebbly channels, and Spend their fweet lives to do their country fervice: Then shall England's verdure shoot, her fields shall smile,

Her ships shall sing across the foaming sea, Her mariners shall use the flute and viol, And rattling guns, and black and dreary war, Shall be no more.

Sir Walter. Well; let the trumpet found, and the drum beat;

Let war stain the blue heavens with bloody banners,

I'll draw my sword, nor ever sheath it up, 'I iii England blow the trump of victory, Or I lay stretch'd upon the field of death!

Exeunt.

SCENE, in the Camp. Several of the Warriors met at the King's Tent with a Minstrel, who sings the following Song:

SONS of Trojan Brutus, cloath'd in war, Whose voices are the thunder of the field, Rolling dark clouds o'er France, mussling the sun In sickly darkness like a dim eclipse, Threatening as the red brow of storms, as fire Burning up nations in your wrath and sury!

Your ancestors came from the fires of Troy,
(Like lions rouz'd by light'ning from their dens,
Whose eyes do glare against the stormy fires)
Heated with war, fill'd with the blood of Greeks,
With helmets hewn, and shields covered with gore,
In navies black, broken with wind and tide!

They landed in firm array upon the rocks Of Albion; they kiss'd the rocky shore;

- "Be thou our mother, and our nurse," they faid;
- "Our children's mother, and thou shalt be our grave;
- "The sepulchre of ancient Troy, from whence
- "Shall rife cities, and thrones, and arms, and awful pow'rs.

Our

Our fathers swarm from the ships. Giant voices
Are heard from the hills, the enormous sons
Of Ocean run from rocks and caves: wild men,
Naked and roaring like lions, hurling rocks,
And wielding knotty clubs, like oaks entangled
Thick as a forest, ready for the axe.

Our fathers move in firm array to battle,
The favage monsters rush like roaring fire;
Like as a forest roars with crackling stames,
When the red lightning, borne by surious storms,
Lights on some woody shore; the parched heavens
Rain fire into the molten raging sea!

The smoaking trees are strewn upon the shore,
Spoil'd of their verdure! O how oft have they
Defy'd the storm that howled o'er their heads!
Our fathers, sweating, lean on their spears, and
view

The mighty dead: giant bodies, streaming blood, Dread visages, frowning in silent death!

Then Brutus spoke, inspir'd; our fathers sit
Attentive on the melancholy shore:

Hear ye the voice of Brutus—" The slowing waves
"Of time come rolling o'er my breast," he said;

- "And my heart labours with futurity:
- " Our fons shall rule the empire of the sea.
- "Their mighty wings shall stretch from east to west,
- "Their nest is in the sea; but they shall roam

- " Like eagles for the prey; nor shall the young
- "Crave or be heard; for plenty shall bring forth,
- "Cities shall sing, and vales in rich array
- "Shall laugh, whose fruitful laps bend down with
- "Our fons shall rise from thrones in joy,
- " Each one buckling on his armour; Morning
- "Shall be prevented by their fwords gleaming,
- " And Evening hear their fong of victory!
- "Their towers shall be built upon the rocks,
- "Their daughters shall sing, surrounded with shining spears!
- " Liberty shall stand upon the cliffs of Albion,
- " Casting her blue eyes over the green ocean;
- "Or, tow'ring, stand upon the roaring waves,
- "Stretching her mighty spear o'er distant lands;
- "While, with her eagle wings, she covereth
- "Fair Albion's shore, and all her families."

# PROLOGUE,

INTENDED FOR A DRAMATIC PIECE OF

#### KING EDWARD THE FOURTH.

For a voice like thunder, and a tongue
To drown the throat of war!—When the
fenses

Are shaken, and the soul is driven to madness,
Who can stand? When the souls of the oppressed
Fight in the troubled air that rages, who can
stand?

When the whirlwind of fury comes from the Throne of God, when the frowns of his counternance

Drive the nations together, who can stand?
When Sin claps his broad wings over the battle,
And sails rejoicing in the flood of Death;
When souls are torn to everlasting sire,
And siends of Hell rejoice upon the slain,
O who can stand? O who hath caused this?
O who can answer at the throne of God?
The Kings and Nobles of the Land have done it!
Hear it not, Heaven, thy Ministers have done it!

# PROLOGUE TO KING JOHN.

TUSTICE hath heaved a fword to plunge in Albion's breaft; for Albion's fins are crimfon dy'd, and the red scourge follows her desolate Then Patriot rose: full oft did Patriot rife, when Tyranny hath stain'd fair Albion's breast with her own children's gore. Round his ma jestic feet deep thunders roll; each heart does tremble, and each knee grows flack. The stars of heaven tremble: the roaring voice of war, the trumpet, calls to battle! Brother in brother's blood must bathe, rivers of death! O land, most hapless! O beauteous island, how forsaken! Weep from thy filver fountains; weep from thy gentle rivers! The angel of the ifland weeps! Thy widowed virgins weep beneath thy shades! Thy aged fathers gird themselves for war! The sucking infant lives to die in battle; the weeping mother feeds him for the flaughter! The husbandman doth leave his bending harvest! Blood cries afar! The land doth fow itself! The glittering youth of courts must gleam in arms! The aged fenators their ancient fwords affume! The trembling finews of old age must work the work of death against their progeny; for Tyranny hath stretch'd his purple arm. and "blood," he cries; "the chariots and the " horses.

## 58 A WAR SONG TO ENGLISHMEN.

horses, the noise of shout, and dreadful thunder of the battle heard afar!"—Beware, O Proud! thou shalt be humbled; thy cruel brow, thine iron heart is smitten, though lingering Fate is slow. O yet may Albion smile again, and stretch her peaceful arms, and raise her golden head, exultingly! Her citizens shall throng about her gates, her mariners shall sing upon the sea, and myriads shall to her temples crowd! Her sons shall joy as in the morning! Her daughters sing as to the rising year!

# A WAR SONG TO ENGLISHMEN.

PREPARE, prepare, the iron helm of war, Bring forth the lots, cast in the spacious orb; Th' Angel of Fate turns them with mighty hands, And casts them out upon the darken'd earth!

Prepare, prepare.

Prepare your hearts for Death's cold hand! prepare

Your fouls for flight, your bodies for the earth!
Prepare your arms for glorious victory!
Prepare your eyes to meet a holy God!

Prepare, prepare.

Whofe

Whose fatal scroll is that? Methinks 'tis mine!
Why sinks my heart, why faultereth my tongue?
Had I three lives, I'd die in such a cause,
And rise, with ghosts, over the well-fought field.

Prepare, prepare.

The arrows of Almighty God are drawn!

Angels of Death stand in the low'ring heavens!

Thousands of souls must seek the realms of light,

And walk together on the clouds of heaven!

Prepare, prepare.

Soldiers, prepare! Our cause is Heaven's cause;
Soldiers, prepare! Be worthy of our cause:
Prepare to meet our fathers in the sky:
Prepare, O troops, that are to fall to-day!
Prepare, prepare.

Alfred shall smile, and make his harp rejoice;
The Norman William, and the learned Clerk,
And Lion Heart, and black-brow'd Edward,
with

His loyal queen shall rise, and welcome us!

Prepare, prepare.

#### THE

# COUCH OF DEATH.

HE veiled Evening walked folitary down the western hills, and Silence reposed in the valley; the birds of day were heard in their nefts, rustling in brakes and thickets; and the owl and bat flew round the darkening trees: all is filent when Nature takes her repose.-In former times, on fuch on evening, when the cold clay breathed with life, and our ancestors, who now sleep in their graves, walked on the stedfast globe, the remains of a family of the tribes of Earth, a mother and a fifter were gathered to the fick bed of a youth: Sorrow linked them together, leaning on one another's necks alternately-like lilies, dropping tears in each other's bosom, they stood by the bed like reeds bending over a lake, when the evening drops trickle down. His voice was low as the whifperings of the woods when the wind is asleep, and the visions of Heaven unfold their vifitation. "Parting is hard, and death is terrible; 46 I seem to walk through a deep valley, far from " the light of day, alone and comfortless! " damps of death fall thick upon me! Horrors fare me in the face! I look behind, there is no " returning;

returning; Death follows after me; I walk in regions of Death, where no tree is; without a ec lantern to direct my steps, without a staff to "fupport me." - Thus he laments through the still evening, till the curtains of darkness were drawn! Like the found of a broken pipe, the aged woman raifed her voice. "O my fon, " my fon, I know but little of the path thou "goest! But lo, there is a God, who made " the world; stretch out thy hand to Him." The youth replied, like a voice heard from a fepulchre, " My hand is feeble, how should I stretch it out? " My ways are finful, how fhould I raife mine eyes? My voice hath used deceit, how should I call on "Him who is Truth? My breath is loathfome. " how should he not be offended? If I lay my " face in the dust, the grave opens its mouth for es me; if I lift up my head, fin covers me as a " cloak! O my dear friends, pray ye for me! "Stretch forth your hands, that my helper may " come! Through the void space I walk be-"tween the finful world and eternity! Beneath " me burns eternal fire! O for a hand to pluck " me forth!" As the voice of an omen heard in the filent valley, when the few inhabitants cling trembling together; as the voice of the Angel of Death, when the thin beams of the moon give a faint light, fuch was this young man's voice to his friends! Like the bubbling waters of the brook in the dead of night, the aged woman raised her

cry, and faid, "O Voice, that dwellest in my " breaft, can I not cry, and lift my eyes to " Heaven? Thinking of this, my spirit is turned within me into confusion! O my child, my " child! is thy breath infected? So is mine. " As the deer, wounded by the brooks of water, " fo the arrows of fin slick in my flesh; the poison " hath entered into my marrow."-Like rolling waves, upon a defert shore, fighs succeeded fighs; they covered their faces, and wept! The youth lay filent-his mother's arm was under his head; he was like a cloud toffed by the winds, till the fun shine, and the drops of rain glisten, the yellow harvest breathes, and the thankful eyes of the villagers are turned up in smiles. The traveller that hath taken shelter under an oak, eyes the distant country with joy! Such smiles were seen upon the face of the youth! a visionary hand wiped away his tears, and a ray of light beamed are un l All was still. The moon hung his head! not out her lamp, and the stars faintly glimmered in the fummer sky; the breath of night flept among the leaves of the forest; the bosom of the lofty hill drank in the filent dew, while on his majestic brow the voice of Angels is heard, and stringed founds ride upon the wings of night. The forrowful pair lift up their heads, hovering Angels are around them, voices of comfort are heard over the Couch of Death, and the youth breathes out his foul with joy into eternity. CON-

## CONTEMPLATION.

HO is this, that with unerring step dares tempt the wilds, where only Nature's foot hath trod? 'Tis Contemplation, daughter of the grey Morning! Majestical she steppeth, and with her pure quill on every flower writeth Wisdom's name. Now lowly bending, whispers in mine ear, "O man, how great, how little thou! O man, flave of each moment, lord of eternity! feeft thou where Mirth fits on the painted cheek? doth it not feem ashamed of such a place, and grow immoderate to brave it out? O what an humble garb true Joy puts on! Those who want Happiness must stoop to find it; it is a slower that grows in every vale. Vain foolish man, that roams on lofty rocks! where, 'cause his garments are swoln with wind, he fancies he is grown into a giant! Lo then, Humility, take it, and wear it in thine heart; lord of thyfelf, thou then art lord of all. Clamour brawls along the streets, and destruction hovers in the city's smoak; but on these plains, and in these filent woods, true joys descend: here build thy neft; here fix thy staff; delights blossom around; numberless beauties blow; the green grass springs in joy, and the nimble air kiffes the leaves; the brook stretches its arms along the velvet meadow,

its filver inhabitants sport and play; the youthful fun joys like a hunter rouzed to the chace: he rushes up the fky, and lays hold on the immortal courfers of day; the fky glitters with the jingling trappings! Like a triumph, feafon follows feafon, while the airy music fills the world with joyful founds." I answered, "Heavenly goddess! I am " wrapped in mortality, my flesh is a prison, my bones the bars of death, Misery builds over our cottage roofs, and Discontent runs like a brook. Even in childhood, Sorrow flept with me in my " cradle; he followed me up and down in the " house when I grew up; he was my school-66 fellow: thus he was in my steps and in my of play, till he became to me as my brother. I walked through dreary places with him, and in " church-yards; and I oft found myself fitting by "Sorrow on a tomb-stone!"

## S A M S O N.

S AMSON, the strongest of the children of men, I sing; how he was soiled by woman's arts, by a false wife brought to the gates of death! O Truth, that shinest with propitious beams, turning our earthly night to heavenly day, from presence of the Almighty Father! thou visitest our darkling world with blessed feet, bringing good news of Sin and Death destroyed! O white-robed Angel,

Angel, guide my timorous hand to write as on a lofty rock with iron pens the words of truth, that all who pass may read .- Now Night, noon-tide of damned spirits, over the filent earth spreads her pavilion, while in dark council fat Philista's lords; and where strength failed, black thoughts in ambush lay. Their helmed youth and aged warriors in dust together ly, and Desolation spreads his wings over the land of Palestine; from side to fide the land groans, her prowefs loft, and feeks to hide her bruised head under the mists of night, breeding dark plots. For Dalila's fair arts have long been tried in vain; in vain she wept in many a treacherous tear. "Go on, fair " traitrefs; do thy guileful work; ere once again " the changing moon her circuit hath performed, " thou fhalt overcome, and conquer him by force " unconquerable, and wrest his secret from him. "Call thine alluring arts and honest-seeming " brow, the holy kifs of love, and the transpa-" rent tear; put on fair linen, that with the lily " vies, purple and filver; neglect thy hair, to feem " more lovely in thy loofe attire; put on thy " country's pride, deceit; and eyes of love decked " in mild forrow, and fell thy Lord for gold."-For now, upon her fumptuous couch reclined, in gorgeous pride, the still intreats, and still she grasps his vigorous knees with her fair arms. - " Thou " lov'st me not! thou'rt war, thou art not love! " O foolish Dalila! O weak woman! it is death " cloathed K

cloathed in flesh thou lovest, and thou hast been incircled in his arms!—Alas, my Lord, what am I calling thee? Thou art my God! To thee "I pour my tears for facrifice morning and even-" ing: My days are covered with forrow! Shut " up; darkened: By night I am deceived! Who " fays that thou wast born of mortal kind? De-" struction was thy father, a lioness suckled thee, "thy young hands tore human limbs, and gorged " human flesh! Come hither, Death; art thou " not Samson's servant? 'Tis Dalila that calls; thy master's wife; no, stay, and let thy master " do the deed: one blow of that strong arm would " eafe my pain; then should I lay at quiet, and " have rest. Pity forfook thee at thy birth! O " Dagon furious, and all ye gods of Palestine, " withdraw your hand! I am but a weak woman. "Alas, I am wedded to your enemy! I will go " mad, and tear my crifped hair; I'll run about, " and pierce the ears o'th' gods! O Samson, hold " me not; thou lovest me not! Look not upon " me with those deathful eyes! Thou wouldst my death, and death approaches fast."-Thus, in false tears, she bath'd his feet, and thus she day by day oppressed his foul: he seemed a mountain, his brow among the clouds; fhe seemed a filver stream, his feet embracing. Dark thoughts rolled to and fro in his mind, like thunder clouds, troubling the sky; his visage was troubled; his soul was distressed .- "Though I should tell her all my " heart,

es heart, what can I fear? Though I should tell "this fecret of my birth, the utmost may be " warded off as well when told as now." She faw him moved, and thus refumes her wiles.-" Sam-" fon, I'm thine; do with me what thou wilt; " my friends are enemies; my life is death; I am a traitor to my nation, and despised; my " joy is given into the hands of him who hates er me, using deceit to the wife of his bosom. "Thrice hast thou mocked me, and grieved my " foul. Didst thou not tell me with green withs " to bind thy nervous arms, and after that, when "I had found thy falshood, with new ropes to " bind thee fast? I knew thou didst but mock " me. Alas, when in thy sleep I bound thee " with them to try thy truth, I cried, The Phi-" listines be upon thee, Samson! Then did su-" fpicion wake thee; how didft thou rend the feeble ties! Thou fearest nought, what " fhouldst thou fear? Thy power is more than " mortal, none can hurt thee; thy bones are brass, thy finews are iron! Ten thousand spears " are like the fummer grass; an army of mighty " men are as flocks in the vallies; what canst "thou fear? I drink my tears like water; I " live upon forrow! O worse than wolves and " tygers, what canst thou give when such a trifle is denied me? But O at last thou mockest me " to shame my over-fond inquiry! Thou toldest me to weave thee to the beam by thy ftrong K 2 " hair:

e hair; I did even that to try thy truth: but " when I cried, The Philistines be upon thee, then er didst thou leave me to bewail that Samson loved " me not."-He fat, and inward griev'd, he faw and lov'd the beauteous suppliant, nor could conceal aught that might appeale her; then, leaning on her bosom, thus he spoke: "Hear, O Da-" lila! doubt no more of Samfon's love; for that fair breast was made the ivory palace of my inor most heart, where it shall lie at rest; for forrow " is the lot of all of woman born: for care was I " brought forth, and labour is my lot: nor match-" less might, nor wisdom, nor every gift enjoyed, " can from the heart of man hide forrow.-Twice was my birth foretold from heaven, and twice " a facred vow enjoined me that I should drink no " wine, nor eat of any unclean thing, for holy " unto Israel's God I am, a Nazarite even from ony mother's womb. Twice was it told, that it " might not be broken, Grant me a fon, kind "Heaven, Manoa cried; but Heaven refused! " Childless he mourned, but thought his God knew " best. In solitude, though not obscure, in Israel he lived, till venerable age came on: his flocks " increased, and plenty crowned his board: be-" loved, revered of man! But God hath other " joys in store. Is burdened Israel his grief? "The fon of his old age shall set it free! venerable sweetner of his life receives the promise first from Heaven. She saw the maidens " play,

play, and bleffed their innocent mirth; " bleffed each new-joined pair; but from her " the long-wished deliverer shall spring. " five, alone she sat within the house, when busy " day was fading, and calm evening, time for contemplation, rose from the forsaken east, and drew the curtains of heaven; pensive she sat, and \* thought on Ifrael's grief, and filent prayed to "Ifrael's God; when lo, an angel from the fields of light entered the house! His form was man-" hood in the prime, and from his spacious brow " fhot terrors through the evening shade! " mild he hailed her—Hail, highly favoured! " faid he; for lo, thou shalt conceive, and bear a " fon, and Ifrael's strength shall be upon his " fhoulders, and he shall be called Israel's Deli-" verer! Now therefore drink no wine, and eat " not any unclean thing, for he shall be a Naza-" rite to God. — Then, as a neighbour when his " evening tale is told, departs, his bleffing leaving; " fo feemed he to depart: she wondered with ex-" ceeding joy, nor knew he was an angel. Manoa " left his fields to fit in the house, and take his " evening's rest from labour—the sweetest time that "God has allotted mortal man. He fat, and heard " with joy, and praifed God who Ifrael still doth keep. The time rolled on, and Ifrael groaned " oppressed. The sword was bright, while the " plow-share rusted, till hope grew feeble, and " was ready to give place to doubting: then " prayed

" prayed Manoa—O Lord, thy flock is scattered on the hills! The wolf teareth them, Oppref-" fion stretches his rod over our land, our country is plowed with fwords, and reaped in blood! "The echoes of flaughter reach from hill to hill! "Instead of peaceful pipe, the shepherd bears a " fword; the ox goad is turned into a spear! " when shall our Deliverer come? The Philistine riots on our flocks, our vintage is gathered by " bands of enemies! Stretch forth thy hand, and " fave. Thus prayed Manoa. The aged woes man walked into the field, and lo, again the " angel came! Clad as a traveller fresh risen on " his journey, she ran and called her husband, who came and talked with him. - O man of "God, faid he, thou comest from far! Let us " detain thee while I make ready a kid, that thou s mayest fit and eat, and tell us of thy name and warfare; that when thy fayings come to pass, "we may honour thee. The Angel answered, " My name is wonderful; enquire not after it, " feeing it is a fecret: but, if thou wilt, offer an " offering unto the Lord."



THE END.







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